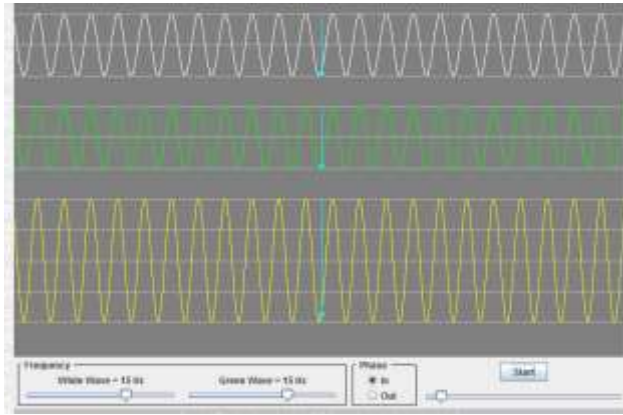


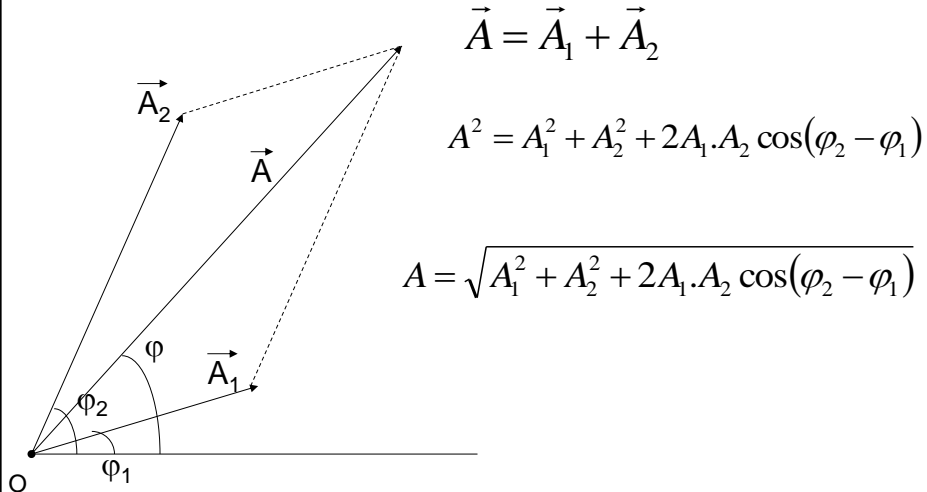
De trillingen hebben dezelfde frequentie

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_1 &= A_1 \sin(\omega t + \varphi_1) \\
 &+ \\
 y_2 &= A_2 \sin(\omega t + \varphi_2) \\
 &= \\
 y &= A \sin(\omega t + \varphi)
 \end{aligned}$$

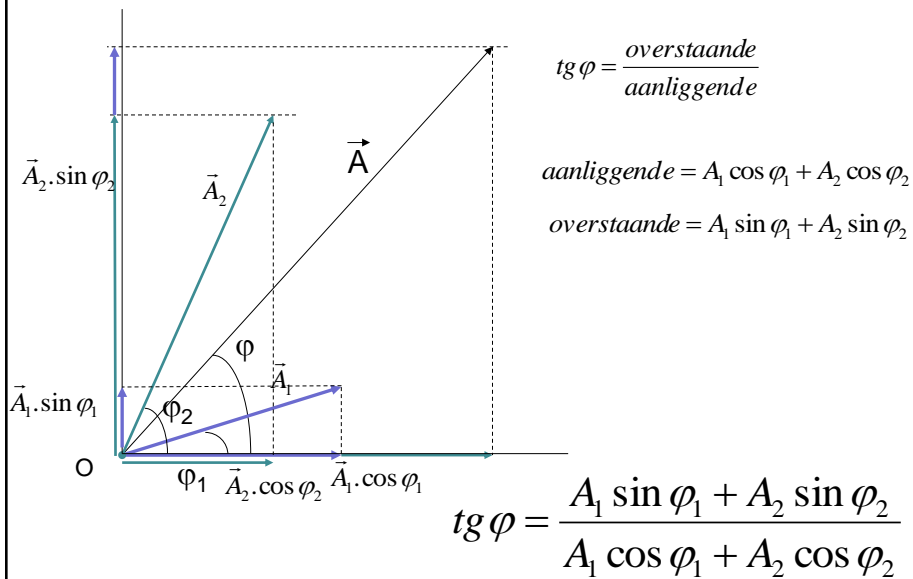


$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= y_1 + y_2 = A_1 \sin(\omega t + \varphi_1) + A_2 \sin(\omega t + \varphi_2) \\
 &= A_1 (\sin \omega t \cos \varphi_1 + \cos \omega t \sin \varphi_1) + A_2 (\sin \omega t \cos \varphi_2 + \cos \omega t \sin \varphi_2) \\
 &= \sin \omega t (A_1 \cos \varphi_1 + A_2 \cos \varphi_2) + \cos \omega t (A_1 \sin \varphi_1 + A_2 \sin \varphi_2) \\
 &\quad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \\
 &\quad = A \cos \varphi \qquad \qquad \qquad = A \sin \varphi \\
 &\quad \swarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \searrow \\
 y &= A (\cos \varphi \sin \omega t + \sin \varphi \cos \omega t) \\
 y &= A \sin(\omega t + \varphi)
 \end{aligned}$$

A van de nieuwe trilling



φ van de nieuwe trilling



Voorbeeld

Stel volgende trillingen samen:

$$y_1 = 5,00 \sin 2,00\pi t \quad y_2 = 4,00 \sin \left(2,00\pi t + \frac{2\pi}{3} \right)$$

$$A = \sqrt{5^2 + 4^2 + 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cos \frac{2\pi}{3}} = 4,58m$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \varphi = \frac{5,00 \sin 0 + 4,00 \sin \frac{2\pi}{3}}{5,00 \cos 0 + 4,00 \cos \frac{2\pi}{3}} = \frac{3,46}{3} = 1,15$$

$$\operatorname{Arctg} 1,15 = 0,855$$

$$y = 4,58 \sin(2,00\pi t + 0,855)$$